

Signal management control units  $47_1$ – $47_n$  of respective scan drivers LSI in an LCD module are cascade-connected and each have the same construction. A detected signal of the signal management control unit  $47_1$  is a data signal latch clock LP applied to a terminal CKB<sub>1</sub>. A detected signal of the signal management control unit  $47_2$  is a frame start signal SP applied to a terminal CKB<sub>2</sub>. A detected signal of the signal management control unit  $47_n$  is an AC-transforming clock FR applied to a terminal CKB<sub>n</sub>. The signal management control unit  $47_1$  includes a signal stop detection circuit 48 serving as a signal detection means for detecting a stop of the detected signal and a sequence processing circuit 51 consisting of a signal delay circuit 49 and a logic circuit 50. When stopping oscillations of, e. g., the frame start signal SP, outputs  $T_1$ – $T_n$  of the circuit 51 change to an L level. Hence, a display-off signal DF of the LCD module assumes the L level. A liquid crystal panel is forcibly set in a display-off mode. As a result, even if the frame start signal SP is stopped due to some cause, a liquid crystal application voltage is set down to zero. It is, therefore, possible to avoid a liquid crystal DC drive and prevent a deterioration of the liquid crystal.